DEFINTION OF KEY METRICS

INCREASE HOSPITAL AT HOME BY 50%

Average Overnight Beds Occupancy - This is a snapshot position, taken at midnight each night of the occupied beds within the selected wards/hospitals. An average of this figure over the defined period is then used.

Average Overnight Beds % - The figure calculated for the above metric is then divided by the available beds within the wards (total beds available for use), to determine the occupancy %.

SOCIAL CARE PATHWAYS STRATEGIC REVIEW - IMPLEMENTATION PLAN BY NOV 2022

Delayed Discharges - This is the total number of delay episodes within the given QTR, for standard delays only. Delay episodes which span multiple quarters are counted once for each quarter. When broken down monthly they are counted once for each month. **These are Aberdeen City delays only.**

Bed Days Monthly - For each delay episode counted above, the Bed Days Monthly are the number of days within the month for which the patient was delayed. For delays spanning multiple months, the total bed days for the quarter are all bed days lost for each month of the delay within that quarter. **These are Aberdeen City delays only.**

Unmet Needs - This figure is from ACHSCP and is the total number of care searches which have been defined as clients with unmet needs. This is the number of care searches open for more than 14 days.

Unmet Needs Weekly Hours - This is the number of weekly care hours assessed as required for unmet needs care serches. These are hours that have not been provided.

REHABILITATION STRATEGIC REVIEW - IMPLEMENTATION PLAN BY APRIL 2023

Clients Supported - This is the total number of admissions to SOARs wards for the given time period. SOARs wards include are defined as the following wards and Woodend Hospital: Links Unit, Morningfield House, Orthopaedic Rehab, Neruo Rehab, Stroke Unit East, Stroke Unit West

Occupancy % - Calculated similarly to Hospital and Home occupancy by taking the midnight snapshot occupied beds divided by the total available beds in each ward. This is then averaged out across the six wards.

Length of Stay - This figure is the average length of stay within the ward for all patients (not just city patients), from the ward start date to the ward end date. This is not overall admission time to discharge. Patients who move wards will be included in this figure.

Delayed Discharges - This is the total number of delay episodes within the given QTR.. Delay episodes which span multiple quarters are counted once for each quarter. When broken down monthly they are counted once for each month. For SOARs this figure is standard and complex delays which, at the time of either snapshot or discharge, were located in a SOARs ward. This is for all delays, not just Aberdeen City.

Bed Days Monthly - For each delay episode counted above, the Bed Days Monthly are the number of days within the month for which the patient was delayed. For delays spanning multiple months, the total bed days for the quarter are all bed days lost for each month of the delay within that quarter. For SOARs this figure is standard and complex delays which, at the time of either snapshot or discharge, were located in a SOARs ward. This is for all delays, not just Aberdeen City.

MHLD TRANSFORMATION

Complex and Code 100 Bed Days - For each delay episode coded as Complex or Code 100, the Bed Days Monthly are the number of days within the month for which the patient was delayed. Complex delays coded as ward or care home closures are excluded. For delays spanning multiple months, the total bed days for the quarter are all bed days lost for each month of the delay within that quarter. For definitions of Complex and Code 100 delays, please visit ISD Scotland. These are Aberdeen City delays only.

